



Girls Lacrosse Level 1 Officials

Training Workbook



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Goal of the Training

To increase the skills set and confidence in our Junior lacrosse officials as you transition from a player to an official. Combine your knowledge of the game with training for officials to prepare you to facilitate youth lacrosse games.

Contents				
	Training Information			
	Professionalism			
	Rules 1-12 (NFHS Rulebook)			
	Youth Rule Modifications			
	Your Training Information Junior Officials Certification Checklist:			
	US Lacrosse membership (USL member number)			
	US Lacrosse Online Rules Course			
	Annual Classroom Training			
	US Lacrosse Annual Certification Rules Exam			
	On-Field Evaluation (Level)			
Trainers Name:				
Trainir	ng Site:			
Training Dates:				



Professionalism

Level 1 Officials Training

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/hy do you want to become an official?	

Why do you want to become an official?	VVOIKDOC
What is your experience with lacrosse?	
Describe 3 examples of ways to make a positive first impression when arriving 1.	ng at your game:
2.	
3.	
What is your expected proper uniform for a game?	

What equipment are you expected to have at each game?



Describe a quality you have seen in officials that you see as professional and respectful:
Role of the Official
The role of the official is to see that each game is played in the name of:
1.
2.
3.

4.



Rules of the Game

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Rule 1: The Field

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Line the field below. Be sure	to include the following lines:		
☐ Center circle☐ restraining lines☐ arc☐ fan	□ goal circle□ dots□ hash marks□ goal line extended	8-meter mark on GLE (goal lines and center lines provided)	
Sideline Areas			
Identify the following sideline areas below:			
☐ Team bench area☐ Coaching Area	☐ Substitution Area☐ Penalty Area	☐ Table and Scorer)	(Timer
	Sideline		



1.

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Rule 2: Equipment and Uniform

What is the required equipment for Field players?

	2.
;	3.
Wha	at is optional equipment for Field players?
Wha	at is the required equipment for Goalkeepers?
	1.
:	2.
	3.
	4.
ļ	5.
(5.
	7.

What color may the game ball be?



What must be stamped on the ball?

Stick Check

Describe the pocket check procedure. What makes the depth legal?



Rule 3: Game Personnel

How many players may be on the field for the following games:
Full Field:
Small Sided field:
Describe the responsibilities of the follow game personnel:
Head Coach
Team Captains
Scorer
Timer
Officials
Officials
Pre-Game Official Checklist:



☐ Proper uniform	Level 1 Officials Training
☐ Proper equipment	Workbook
☐ Meet partner	
☐ Walk the field together	
☐ Coaches and Captains meeting	
☐ Stick check	
☐ Talk with timer and scorer	

Describe what should be covered in a good pre-game discussion



Rule 4: Timing and Scoring

Each league/tournament decides the length of games and halves, so the following are best practices for youth lacrosse:
Length of half for 14U and above:
Length of halftime for 14u and above:
When does the clock stop (if a game is not being played with a running clock)?
Describe the Overtime Procedure



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Substitutions	Level 1 Officials Training
Name when players may substitute:	Workbook
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
When are substitutes NOT allowed?	
1.	
2.	

Scoring

When does a goal not count (name at least 5 examples)?



Rule 5: Starting and Restarting Play

When during play must all players stand? Never!
The Draw
When setting the draw describe how the Sticks must be set:
Player positioning on the draw:
How many people can be between the restraining lines from each team?
When may the players behind the restraining lines be released (allowed to cross over the
restraining line)?
Name at least 4 actions that make a draw illegal (by the players taking the draw)?
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
Restarting play after a foul = Free Position



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goal circle.	WOINDOOK
All players must be at least meters for fi	ree positions (exception: once a player self-starts)
On a Major foul the offender goes 4 meters	the free position
On a Minor foul the offender goes 4 meters	the free position
For the following image:	
☐ Outline the Critical Scoring Area	☐ Outline the Penalty Zone
	-

When a Defensive foul occurs in the Critical Scoring Area where are the 3 places the free position will be place?



	Workbook
1.	
2.	
3.	
What is a self-start and and what are the criteria for a legal self-start?	
When are self-starts NOT allowed?	
Name at least 4 reasons that an Alternate Possession is awarded.	
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	

Rule 6: Boundaries

When is a ball/player considered out of bounds?



How is play restarted following a boundary call?

Who gets the ball?

Circle ways in which players may start following a boundary:

Run from outside into play without stopping

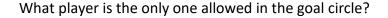
Throw the ball from outside of the field

Step in bounds and throw or run with the ball

Describe how boundaries are called differently following a shot that goes out of bounds:



Rule 7: Goal Circle YOUTH RULES



How long does the goalkeeper have to clear the ball once it enters the goal circle?

How shall you count 1-5?

How shall you count 6-10?

When a player is shooting or defending a shot (at the YOUTH level) is she allowed to follow through into the goal circle with her stick?

Describe how play is set up for the following fouls:

Attack Goal Circle Foul (steps in or on, reaches in or follows through into the goal circle):

Defense Goal Circle Fouls (GK doesn't clear in 10 seconds, defense steps in or reaches into the goal circle, ball is returned to the goal circle without being played):



Rule 8: Offsides Foul

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In a full-sided game(12 v 12) how many players are allowed in each end (inside the restraining line) of the field? Offensive_____ Defensive____ In a small-sided game (7 v7) how many players are allowed in each end (over half field) of the field? Offensive_____ Defensive_____ List the steps you take to administer an offsides foul on the Defense when the ball is in the following areas? Ball anywhere outside of the CSA: 1. 2. 3. 4. Ball is inside of the CSA and ABOVE the Goal line extended: 1. 2. 3. 4.

Ball is inside of the CSA and BELOW the goal line extended:



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1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
List the steps you take to administer an offsides foul on the Attack wh	en the ball is in the
following areas?	
Ball is anywhere outside the CSA	
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
Ball is inside of the CSA and ABOVE the Goal line extended:	
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	

Ball is inside of the CSA and BELOW the goal line extended:

1.



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Offsides is always a _______foul

Offsides is always a _______start



Rule 9: Minor Fouls

Describe the 3 general categories Minor Fouls fal	l into and list a few example	s in each:
1.		
2.		
3.		
Setting up minor foul penalties		
Outside the CSA		
The offender goes 4 meters	this is a	start
Inside the CSA and ABOVE the Goal line extended	I	
The ball is placed on the		
The offender is placed 4 meters		
This is an	_ free position	
This is a	_ start	

Inside the CSA and BELOW the Goal line extended



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Rule 10: Major Fouls

Name 4 major fouls that involve a stick to body offense
1.
2.
3.
4.
Name 3 major fouls that involve body to body offense
1.
2.
3.
Name 2 major fouls that involved stick to stick offense
1.
2.

Name 2 major fouls that involve a spatial offense



1.	Level 1 Officials	Training
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Name the 5 Major fouls that are automatic yellow	cards:	
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
Setting up major foul penalties		
Outside the CSA		
The offender goes 4 meters	this is a	_ start
Inside the CSA and ABOVE the Goal line extended		
The ball is placed on the		
The offender is placed 4 meters		
This is a	_. start	
Inside the CSA and BELOW the Goal line extended		

The ball is placed on the _____



The offender is placed 4 meters		
This is a	start	
		

Shooting Space and 3 Seconds



Rule II: Slow Whistle

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A slow whistle (yellow flag) is a Held whistle that is used only when the following criteria are
met:
Ball is in the
The attack is on a
Defense commits a
Name 4 actions that end a scoring play
1.
2.
3.
4.

When a flag is raised, and a shot is NOT taken how is the penalty administered:

The flag is raised, and the ball is inside the 8m arc



Ball is placed:	
Offender is placed:	
Others:	
The ball is between the 8m arc and 12m fan	
Ball is placed:	
Offender is placed:	
Others:	
Inside the CSA and below the goal line extended	
Ball is placed on the	
Offender is placed:	
Others:	



Rule 12: Misconduct

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Other than the 5 major fouls that are mandatory cards, name 3 actions that are considered
cardable offenses:
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
A player receiving a yellow card will be removed from the field and placed:
In the
For how long
Her team must play:
She return to the game
Exception:
A GK receives a Yellow card with no other dressed GK
A player receiving a second yellow card will be removed from the field and placed:
In the
For how long



Her t	eam must play:					
She _		return to the game				
A player receiving a red card will be removed from the field and placed:						
In the	e					
For h	ow long					
Her t	eam must play:					
She _		return to the game				
If a coach receives a yellow card what steps are taken:						
1.						
2.						
3.						
A team recei	iving its	card must play short for how long?				

Youth Rules Modification

Use the following chart to compare the rules between youth age categories:



			1 0 ((, ,	<u> </u>
	14U	12 U	10U	8U
Number of				VOI KDOOK
Players				
Size of Field				
Stick Modification allowed				
Balls allowed				
Length of game				
Start for game and half				
Restart after goals				
Restraining Line				
3 Seconds Good Defense				
Checking Rule				